Making a Collective Impact at Ground Level to Combat Disproportionality Based on Race within Child Protective Systems

Team Based Parent Representation as a Tool in the Fight Against Systemic Racism

Samara Vaught, Amanda Rexin, and Kristen Foster

Maricopa County, Arizona

TBPR is a powerful tool to effect necessary change in preserving and strengthening families.

- •Where are we?
- •How did we get here?
- •How can we move forward?

Where are we?

Things are looking grim for families in Maricopa County, especially for families of color.

- For Black families in Phoenix, child welfare investigations are a constant threat
- One in three Black children in Maricopa County faced a child welfare investigation over a five-year period. Some families are pushing back.
- Eli Hager and Agnel Philip/ProPublica; Hannah Rappleye/NBC News Arizona Republic
- Published 10:27 AM MST Dec. 8, 2022 Updated 11:00 AM MST Dec. 8, 2022



In 2015, Nydea Richards decided to move her family to the nation's fastest-growing metropolitan area, in search of lower crime and better weather than in her hometown of Milwaukee. She was pregnant at the time.

- The hospital screened Nydea for drugs after the birth of her daughter "because she was from out of town."
- DCS prohibited her from being alone with her newborn daughter for 5 days while DCS interrogated her about her marital status, whether she received food stamps and how she usually handles stress.
- Her six other children were inspected and interrogated.
- DCS then learned there had been a false positive on the drug screen.
- DCS determined the case was unfounded.
- No one ever explained or apologized to Nydea.

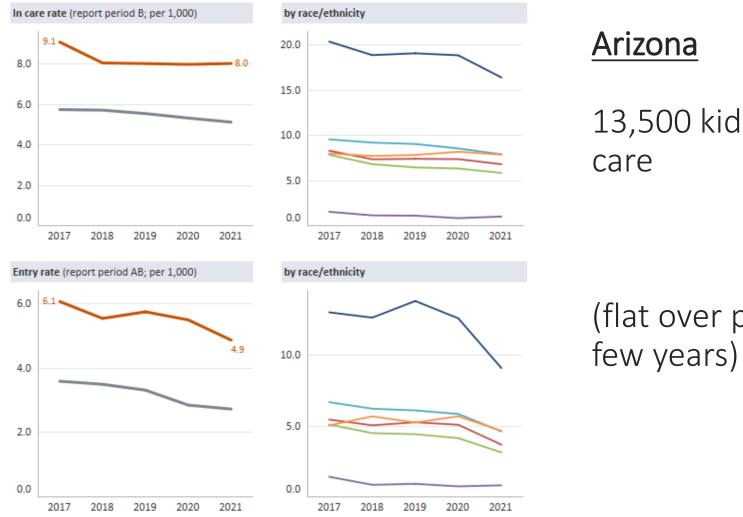
ProPublica and NBC News interviewed more than 30 Black parents across the Phoenix region who've faced a child welfare case.

 Almost all described a system so omnipresent among Black families that it has created a kind of communitywide dread: of that next knock on the door, of that next warrantless search of their home. Sharing that you were investigated by child services remains more stigmatizing in many families than saying you've been stopped by the police.

"It becomes a generational curse."

- Tyra Smith





13,500 kids in

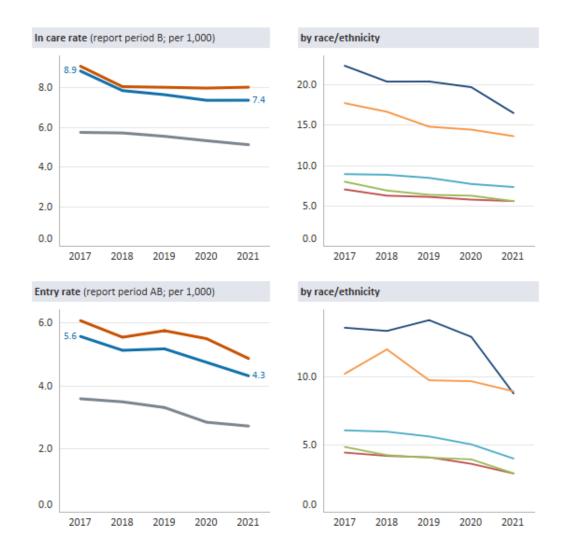
(flat over past

- \$90 million on group homes
- \$99 million on foster care
- \$278 million on adoptions

Once DCS is involved, the emphasis is on child safety and possibly child removal rather than addressing problems at their root, as reflected in the agency's funding structure.

- \$15 million on prevention efforts
- \$29 million on inhome services for families themselves

"It's Arizona. It's an attitude that we were never supposed to be here." – Dana Burns



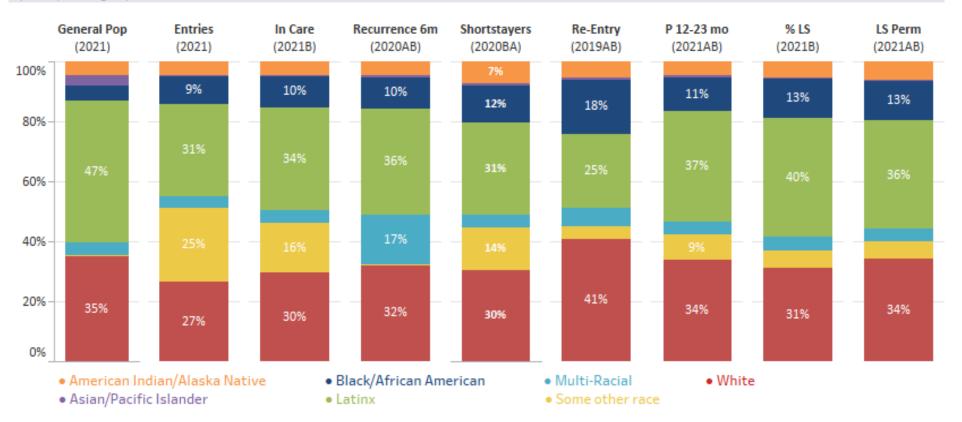
<u>Maricopa</u>

7,900 kids in care

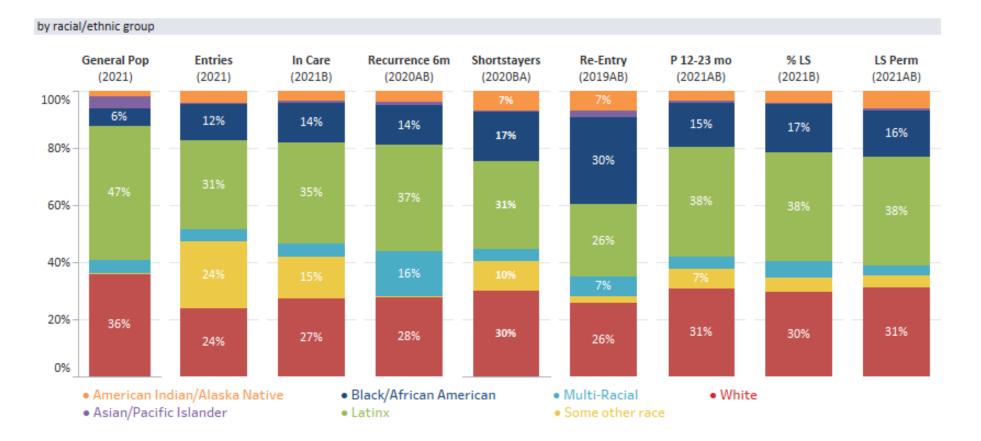
(flat over past couple years)

Arizona

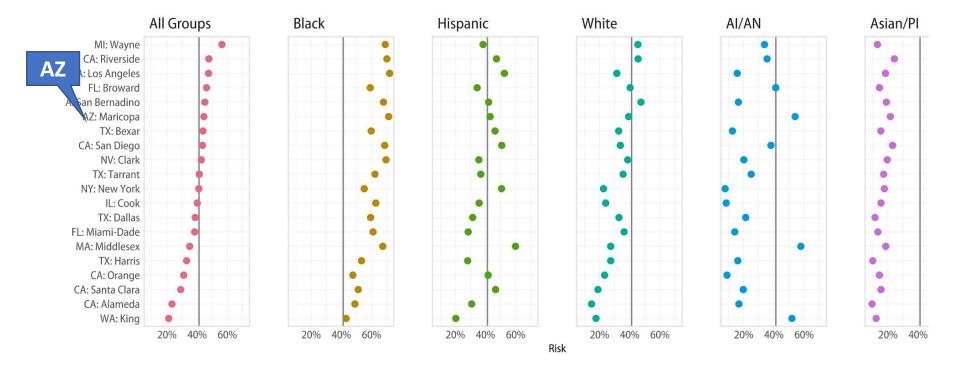
by racial/ethnic group



Maricopa



20 Largest Counties – Risk of Investigation

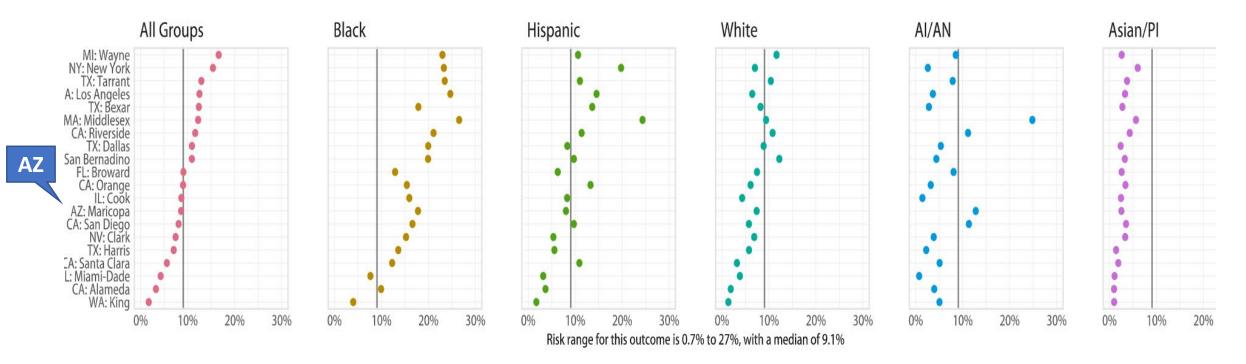


Vertical lines in each panel show the median All Groups risk of 41.3%

Next four slides from: *Contact with Child Protective Services is pervasive but unequally distributed by race and ethnicity in large US counties,* Frank Edwards, Sara Wakefield, Kieran Healy, and Christopher Wildeman, PNAS2021 Vol. 118 No. 30

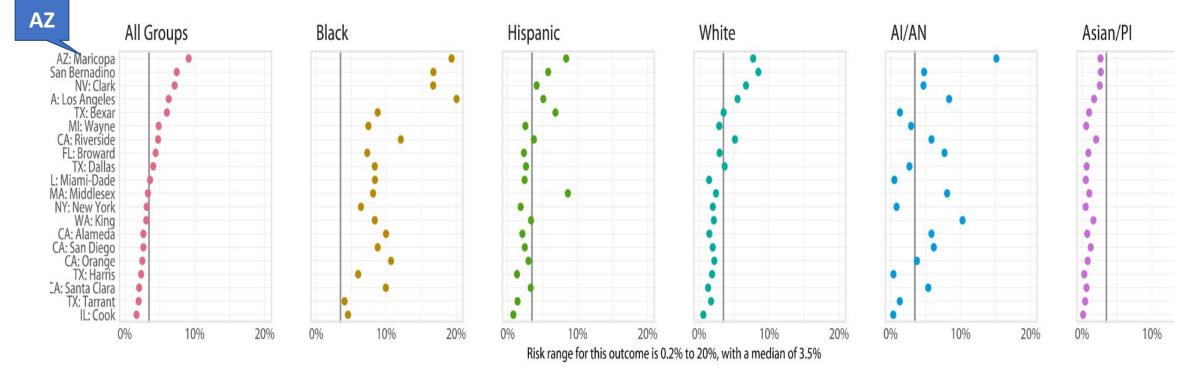
20 Largest Counties – Risk of Confirmed Victim

Confirmed Victim



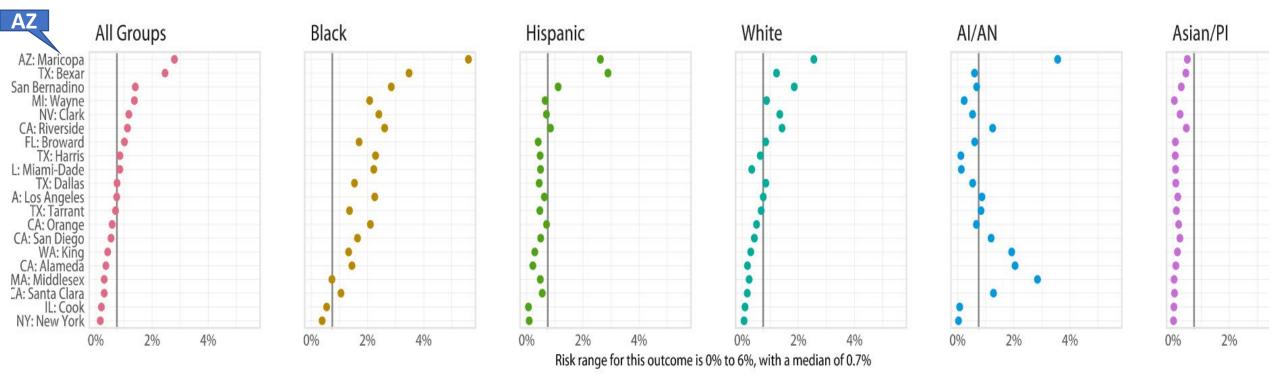
20 Largest Counties – Risk of Placement in Foster Care

Foster Care



20 Largest Counties – Risk of Termination

Termination of Parental Rights



	CHILDREN ENTERING OUT-OF-HOME CARE (12, 14 & 15)															
	07/01/2022 through 12/31/2022															
	APACHE	COCHISE	COCONINO	GILA	GRAHAM	GREENLEE	LA PAZ	MARICOPA	MOHAVE	NAVAJO	PIMA	INAL	SANTA CRUZ	YAVAPAI	YUMA	STATEWIDE
						Reporte	ed Childre	n								
Children reported during period	295	1859	1121	582	444	69	196	51,430	3276	1318	13921	6676	376	2711	2214	86,488
% Reported Statewide	0.3%	2.1%	1.3%	0.7%	0.5%	0.1%	0.2%	59.5%	3.8%	1.5%	16.1%	7.7%	0.4%	3.1%	2.6%	100%

	Removed Children															
Children removed during period*	6	82	47	29	13	7	15	1,793	127	51	744	232	25	66	37	3,274
% Removed Statewide	0.2%	2.5%	1.4%	0.9%	0.4%	0.2%	0.5%	54.8%	3.9%	1.6%	22.7%	7.1%	0.8%	2.0%	1.1%	100%

	Voluntary Placements (0-17 years)															
Children removed during period*	6	82	47	29	13	7	15	1,793	127	51	744	232	25	66	37	3,274
Voluntary Placements	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	11	0	0	17	3	3	2	2	40
% of Voluntary Placements per removal	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	2.3%	1.3%	12.0%	3.0%	5.4%	1.2%

	Prior Removal Within Previous 12 Months															
Children removed during period*	6	82	47	29	13	7	15	1,793	127	51	744	232	25	66	37	3,274
Children with prior removal in	0	6	0	1	0	1	0	53	4	2	30	4	0	2	2	105
previous 12 months																
% of children with prior removal	0.0%	7.3%	0.0%	3.4%	0.0%	14.3%	0.0%	3.0%	3.1%	3.9%	4.0%	1.7%	0.0%	3.0%	5.4%	3.2%
within 12 months per removal	0.076	7.5%	0.0%	5.470	0.0%	14.5%	0.076	5.0%	5.1%	5.9%	4.0%	1.770	0.0%	5.0%	5.470	5.2/0

	Prior Removal Within Previous 13-24 Months															
Children removed during period*	6	82	47	29	13	7	15	1,793	127	51	744	232	25	66	37	3,274
Children with prior removal in previous 13 to 24 months	0	2	2	0	2	0	0	52	3	0	38	2	1	3	0	105
% of children with prior removal within 13 to 24 months per removal	0.0%	2.4%	4.3%	0.0%	15.4%	0.0%	0.0%	2.9%	2.4%	0.0%	5.1%	0.9%	4.0%	4.5%	0.0%	3.2%

* Children removed during the period may be part of reports received during the prior reporting period. Thus, children removed during the period may not be part of the total count of children reported during the period.

	as of 12/3	1/2022	as of 06/30	0/2022			
	# of Children	% of Total	# of Children	% of Total			
	AGE (2	20A)					
0 to 12 Months	944	8.1%	1,079	8.6%			
12 to 36 Months	1,810	15.5%	1,958	15.6%			
3 to 5	1,842	15.7%	2,041	16.3%			
6 to 9	2,009	17.2%	2,159	17.2%			
10 to 12	1,283	11.0%	1,323	10.5%			
13 to 15	1,586	13.6%	1,658	13.2%			
16 to 17	1,347	11.5%	1,408	11.2%			
18 and Over	875	7.5%	920	7.3%			
TOTAL OOH	11,696	100%	12,546	100%			
	ETHNICIT	Y (20B)					
African American	2,033	17.4%	1,856	14.8%			
American Indian	1,123	9.6%	1,054	8.4%			
Asian	144	1.2%	126	1.0%			
Hispanic	4,001	34.2%	3,539	28.2%			
Caucasian	3,720	31.8%	3,412	27.2%			
Other	675	5.8%	2,559	20.4%			
TOTAL OOH	11,696	100%	12,546	100%			
CASE P	LAN GOAL (PERM	ANENCY GOAL) (
Return to Family	3,933	33.6%	5,486	43.7%			
Adoption	2,376	20.3%	2,532	20.2%			
Long Term Foster Care	154	1.3%	113	0.9%			
Independent Living	1,126	9.6%	1,197	9.5%			
Guardianship	184	1.6%	94	0.7%			
Case Plan Goal Being Developed	3,923	33.5%	3,124	24.9%			
TOTAL OOH	11,696	100%	12,546	100%			
	LENGTH OF TIME	IN CARE (20E)	·				
1 to 30 Days	417	3.6%	562	4.5%			
31 Days to 12 Months	4,663	39.9%	4,868	38.8%			
13 to 24 Months	3,246	27.8%	3,691	29.4%			
More Than 24 Months	3,370	28.8%	3,425	27.3%			
TOTAL OOH	11,696	100%	12,546	100%			
Average Number of Placements	2.1		2.0				
Median	2		2				
Minimum Range	1		1				
Maximum Range ⁸	31		24				

⁸ Placement maximum includes any change in placement setting which includes each detention, hospitalization, and runaway episode.

* The Department continues to diligently address data quality issues and will continue to update data as issues are identified and resolved. This data element will be updated and resubmitted in future iterations of this report.

TYPE OF OUT-OF-HOME PLACEMENT, CATEGORIZED BY AGE (20D)											
	as of 12/31/2022										
	UNLICENSED KINSHIP / FICTIVE KINSHIP	FAMILY FOSTER	GROUP HOME	INSTITUTION / RESIDENTIAL ¹¹	INDEPENDENT LIVING	RUNAWAY ¹²	MISSING CHILD ¹²	TRIAL HOME VISIT	NO IDENTIFIED PLACEMENT ¹³	TOTAL	% OF TOTAL
UNDER 1	492	431	3	1	0	0	3	0	14	944	8.1%
1	575	450	2	1	0	0	1	0	27	1,056	9.0%
2	423	308	3	0	0	0	1	0	19	754	6.4%
3	331	281	1	2	0	0	1	0	11	627	5.4%
4	356	247	1	4	0	0	1	0	9	618	5.3%
5	348	216	10	2	0	0	1	0	20	597	5.1%
6	310	200	23	3	0	0	0	0	16	552	4.7%
7	283	162	36	1	0	0	2	0	17	501	4.3%
8	291	152	64	2	0	0	1	0	12	522	4.5%
9	224	130	63	5	0	0	0	0	12	434	3.7%
10	230	109	63	3	0	0	2	0	14	421	3.6%
11	225	107	97	3	0	0	1	0	12	445	3.8%
12	204	80	109	11	0	0	1	0	12	417	3.6%
13	206	94	144	10	0	0	3	0	17	474	4.1%
14	214	81	163	26	0	8	3	0	19	514	4.4%
15	222	81	194	51	0	23	2	0	25	598	5.1%
16	202	76	211	53	0	45	5	0	30	622	5.3%
17	192	80	283	61	2	63	5	0	39	725	6.2%
18 & Older	25	27	149	3	606	3	0	0	62	875	7.5%
TOTAL	5,353	3,312	1,619	242	608	142	33	0	387	11,696	100%
% of TOTAL	45.8%	28.3%	13.8%	2.1%	5.2%	1.2%	0.3%	0.0%	3.3%	100%	

¹¹ This category includes shelter, detention, and hospital placement types.

¹² This category includes children whose parents absconded with the child(ren) or were missing children who could not be located during the process of the investigation.

¹³ When children do not have a placement identified in the CHILDS database, this is most often attributable to a lag in data entry or data errors. This data is updated on an ongoing basis through a continuous quality assurance process. The location of the child is known and documented in case notes, court reports and other documentation.

* Known issues with the Guardian system has been repaired and data will be updated. The Department continues to diligently address data quality issues and will continue to update data as issues are identified and resolved. This data element will be updated and resubmitted in future iterations of this report.

CHILDREN with a PETITION for TERMINATION of PARENTAL RIGHTS (TPR) by COUNTY and STATEWIDE																	
	07/01/2022 through 12/31/2022																
	APACHE	COCHISE	COCONINO	GILA	GRAHAM	GREENLEE	LA PAZ	MARICOPA	MOHAVE	NAVAJO	PIMA	PINAL	SANTA CRUZ	YAVAPAI	YUMA	STATEWIDE	% OF TOTAL
TPR Granted	0	53	33	11	15	0	0	682	115	13	447	115	13	43	0	1,540	99.1%
TPR Denied	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	12	0.8%
TPR Partial Granted/ Partial Denial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0.1%
TPR Withdrawn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
TOTAL	0	53	33	11	15	0	0	692	115	13	449	117	13	43	0	1,554	100%
% of TOTAL	0.0%	3.4%	2.1%	0.7%	1.0%	0.0%	0.0%	44.5%	7.4%	0.8%	28.9%	7.5%	0.8%	2.8%	0.0%	100%	
*Data includes both se	everance	motions	and seve	erance pe	etitions.												

How did we get here?

A system based on and created by fear, greed, hate, and ignorance.



By Unknown, Public Domain, pmmons.wikimedia.org/w/ind_<u>This Photo</u> by Unknown Author is licensed under <u>CC BY-NC</u>

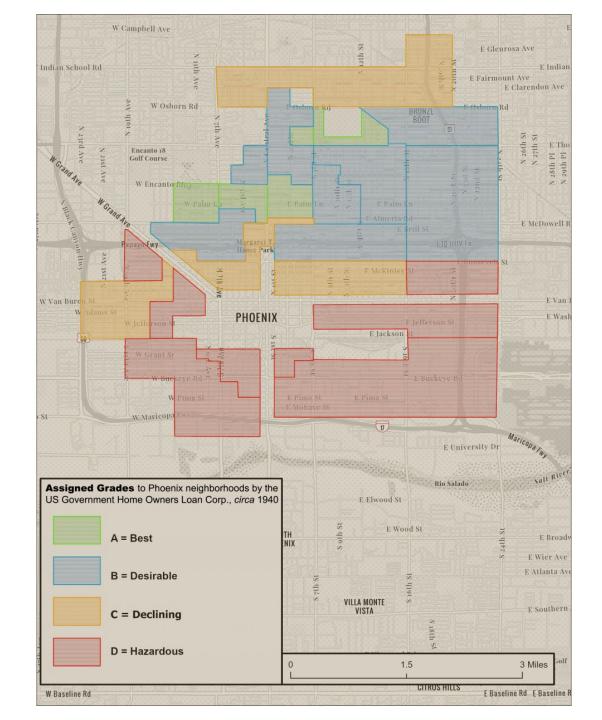


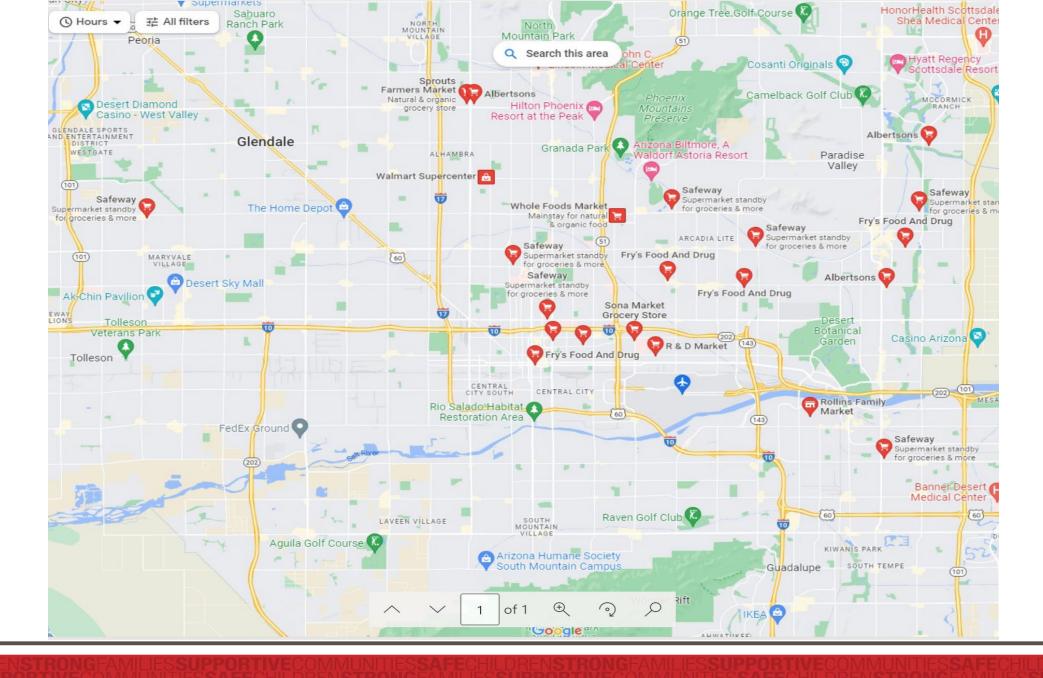
		African American Chi	ldren in the Child Welfare System
	stem as the foundation of ional Black family	Building of Child Welfare System: Black children typically excluded from charity organizations and settlement houses that we eventually transform into the child welfare system	
		 1912: Children's Bureau created 1935: Social Security Act 1935: ADC Benefits in Social Security Act Security Act 1974: CAPTA 	ter • 1980: Adoption Assistance Act Act
needed to perpetuate the instit		1865-1870 Civil War Amend-	1970s Family integrity violated - Federal funding incentives to place children in foster care
DEHUMANIZATION OF SLAVE Sexual exploitation and about the second secon		ments,13th,14th, and 15th designed SOCIAL ISOLATION	of slavery perpetuated to maintain white power hierarchy. IZATION perpetuation through discrimination.
Overseer Fun	ction for Surveillance of Slaves	pated slaves Policing	g for surveillance of Black communities
		Revivial of the KKK Black Codes Compromise of 1877 The New Deal GI B	No Child Left Behind Crack Epidemic Opiold Epidemic IIII Nixon Campaign Welfare Queen 1994 Crime Bill Bush/NAACP Obama MAGA
Slavory (Frool	abor building the Nation)	Jim Crow / Segregation	Mass Incarceration ?
Slavely (Free F	246 years	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Reconstruction} \\ \bullet \\ $	61+ years
1619 1700	1800	1865 1900	1965 2022
1789: Judiciary establishes federal	• 1828: Thomas Rice 🗵 1910: I	Family Court • 1915: Birth of a Nation • 1965: Moyni	han Report 🗵 1967: Loving v. Virginia • 1992: Two Nations
Support Courtinclusive of the 1857: System Court inclusive of the 1877: Hall v. Decuir 1896: Plessy v. Ferguson (colorblindness -separate but equal) © 2022 by A Second Chance, Inc. Kinship Insig	entertainment I 1944: P • 1830: Blackface minstrel I 1948: S shows originated I 1948: S • 1865: End of Civil War dE • 1865: KKK Founded I 1956: B • 1882: KKK ruled I 1960: G unconstitutional	abilishedellwright Prince v. MA • 19829/GLihRa/a%/rðla19%Eport • 19869/EnäisHt breily v. Kraemer rown v. Board ducation • 1955: Death of Emmett Till • 1968: King As 1950: Flemming Rule • 1960: Flemming Rule • 1968: Fair Hou Child Syndrome Somillion v. Lightfoot • 1964: Civil Rights Act • 1963: Civil Rights Act	of Education 20etBirBlack Lives Matter sassination 1974: Gates v. Collier 2015: Charleston Church sassination 1986: Baston v. Kentucky Shooting using Act 2013: Shelby County v. Hoder 2020: George Floyd's Murder al funding lace 2013: Shelby County v. Hoder 2021: January 6th Capitol Attack

REDLINING

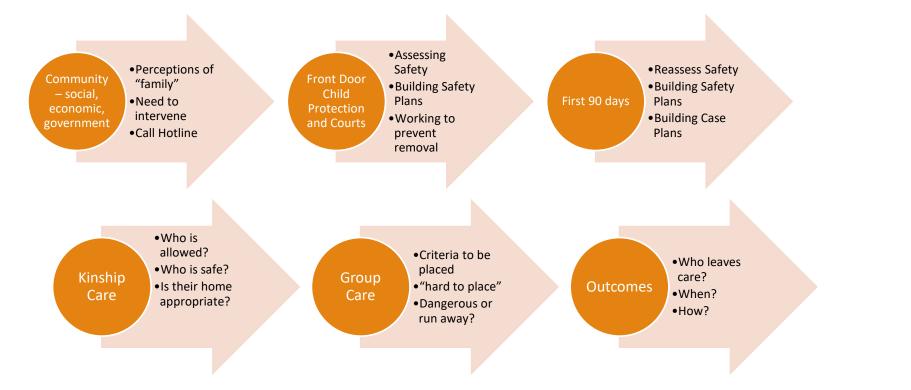
"Present-day factors that determine where and how one can buy a home are influenced by historical public policy choices," according to the report. "Past policies encouraged white homeownership, protected white people from economic downfall, and created segregation between white people and people of color."

<u>Redlining Still Being Felt in South</u> <u>Phoenix More Than 50 Years Later,</u> www.scottsdalerealators.org





Where might bias show up?

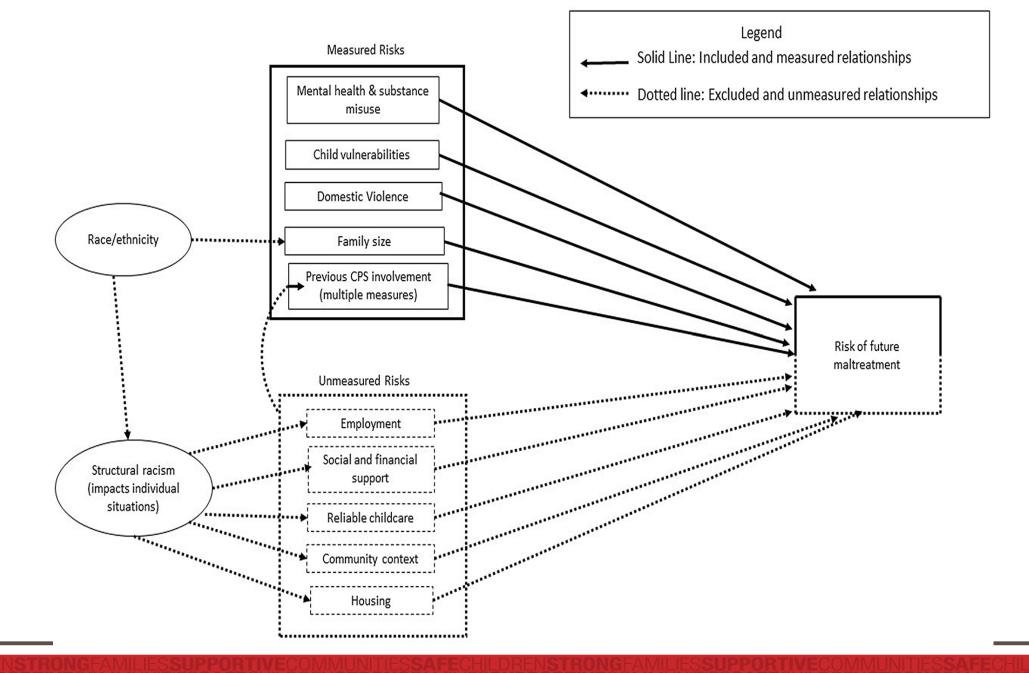


That Which is Essential is Made Invisible...

- Racial Disproportionality in CP exists
- Poverty and financial hardship increase risk of CP system involvement.
- BIPOC families are at increase risk of poverty and financial hardship as a result of structural racism.
- Risk Assessments do not account for structural racism.

That Which is Essential is Made Invisible...

- Exclusion of race, ethnicity, and structural factors inflates the importance of individual characteristics in risk assessment.
- Result...
 - over emphasis on individual characteristics in risk assessment
 - Overuse of individual therapeutic service array
 - Heightened focus on individual bias as solution to race inequity and disproportionality.



A Step in the Right Direction

TEAM BASED PARENT REPRESENTATION

SOCIAL WORKER PEER PARENT NAVIGATOR ATTORNEY



Team Based Parent Representation (TBPR) Analysis



Table 1.	. Team Based Parent Representation	Themes and Sub-themes
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Theme	Sub-Themes
Team Based Parent Representation takes a holistic approach to success	TBPR strives for reunification but is open to alternate case outcomes
Team Based Parent Representation serves as a bridge between DCS and parents	TBPR provides umbrella of support and services to child welfare involved parents Peer Parent Navigators forge a unique connection with child welfare involved parents through lived experiences Parents do not feel alone in the child welfare process
Foundational work is vital for the future growth of TBPR	Internal and external challenges impede program's growth Team members hope to expand program to all child welfare involved parents

TBPR in action

- TBPR take a holistic approach to success
- TBPR strives for reunification but is open to alternate case outcomes
- TBPR serves as a bridge between DCS and parents
- TBPR provides "umbrella of support" and services to child welfare involved parents

- Peer Parent Navigators forge a unique connection with child welfare involved parents through lived experiences
- Parents do not feel alone in the child welfare process
- Foundational work is vital for the future growth of TBPR

SOCIAL WORKER

- COMMUNITY RESOURCES
- CONNECTION TO DCS
- SYSTEM NAVIGATION
- FOSTER A GOOD WORKING RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN PARENTS AND DCS CASE MANAGERS



Social Worker Impact

• "There's lot of things the social worker can do that I cannot do as an attorney. One of those things is communicating directly with DCS."

• "I can see little things not becoming big things."

• "It[TBPR] really empowers the parents, because oftentimes the parents feel so alone in the process."



PEER PARENT NAVIGATOR

- EMPATHY
- SUPPORT
- GUIDANCE
- TRUE UNDERSTANDING
- CONNECTED TO THE COMMUNITY
- USE LIVED EXPERIENCE TO CHALLENGE UNHELPFUL THOUGHTS AND BELIEFS
- SYSTEM IMPACT EXPERT



Peer Parent Impact

- "One of the biggest successes that I've seen is that the Peer Parent Navigators are able to ask some of the questions and get the ball rolling, will get the services started, and to continue in going in a way that parents sometimes cannot do."
- "So, the Peer Parent Navigator . .
 . I like to refer to them as like cheerleaders with experience."



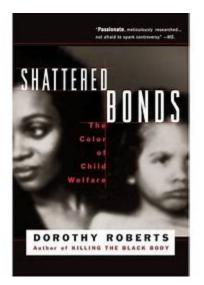


ATTORNEY

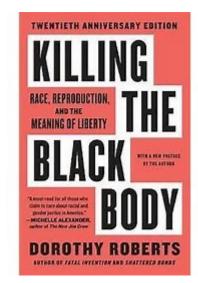
- ASSESSES CLIENTS FOR TBPR
 DEFENSE
- LEGAL GUIDANCE AND ADVICE
- ADVOCACY IN AND OUT OF
 THE COURTROOM
- BE HONEST ABOUT POSSIBLE
 OUTCOMES

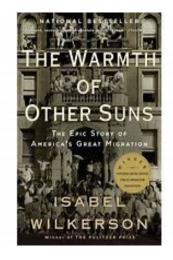
The Goal

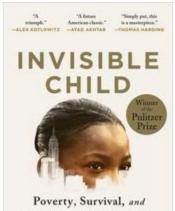
Helping to overcome systemic racism in child protective systems one family at a time through holistic support and teamwork.



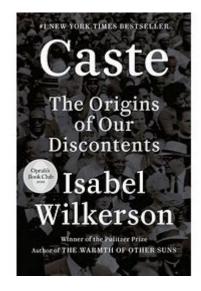
Recommended Reading

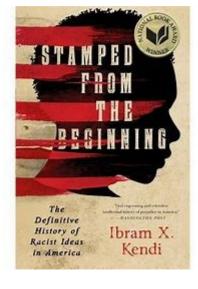


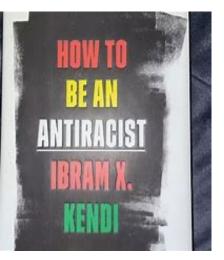


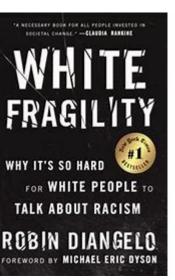


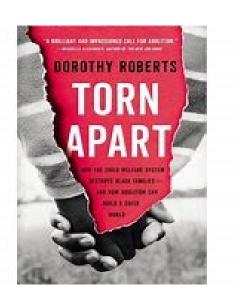
Poverty, Survival, and Hope in an American City











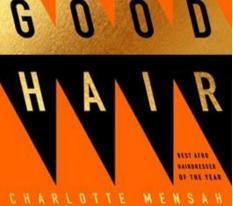
More Reading Recommendations . . .

NEW YORK TIMES BESTSELLER

How To Be Black

Baratunde Thurston





THE ESSENTIAL GUIDE TO AFRO, TEXTURED AND CURLY HAIR

