



CDSS: How California's Child Welfare System Wo

Facilitator: Heather Hostler, Director, Office of Tribal Affairs, CDSS http://www.dss.ca.gov/dsssource/



CDSS Presenters

- Valerie Earley, Branch Chief, Child and Youth Permanency Branch
- Heather Hostler, Director, Office of Tribal Affairs, CDSS
- Dave McDowell, Branch Chief, Children's Services Operation and Evaluation Branch
- Roy Westfall, Attorney III, CDSS Legal
- Kelly Winston, Bureau Chief, Child Welfare Policy and Program Development
- Rochelle Trochtenberg, Foster Care Ombudsperson



Session Agenda

- California's Child Welfare System Overview
- Overview of Branches and Bureaus
- Legal Overview
- Legislative & Budget Process
- Consultation and Engagement

In the Spirit of Partnership...

Tribal Consultation
Tribal Engagement Strategy
Tribal Consultation Summit



The California Department of Social Services

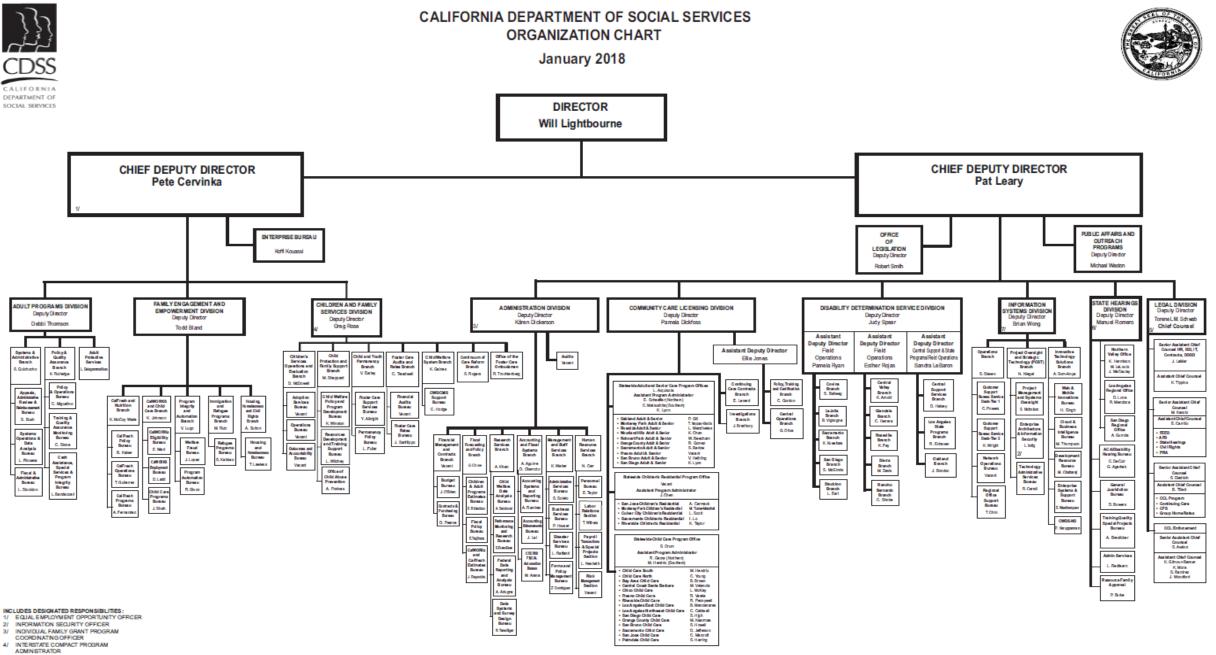
"The mission of the California Department of Social Services is to serve, aid, and protect needy and vulnerable children and adults in ways that strengthen and preserve families, encourage personal responsibility, and foster independence."





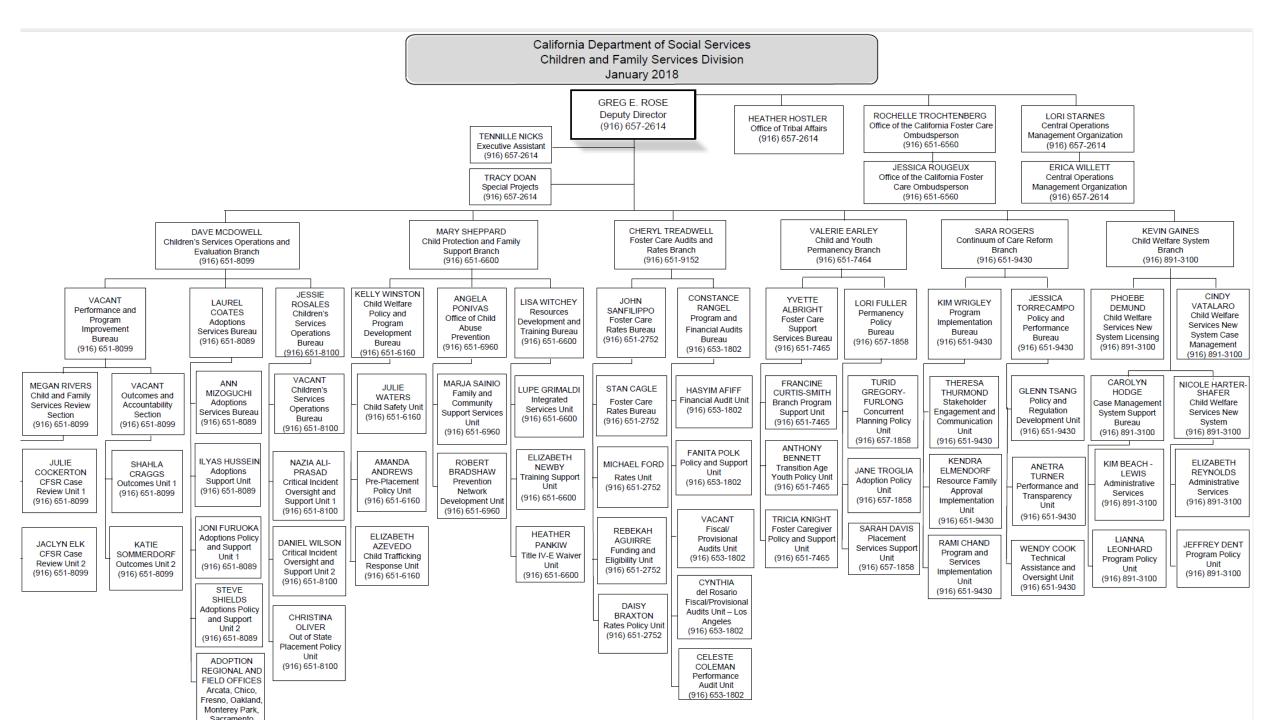


The vision of the Children & Family Services Division: Every child in California lives in a safe, stable permanent home nurtured by healthy families and strong communities.



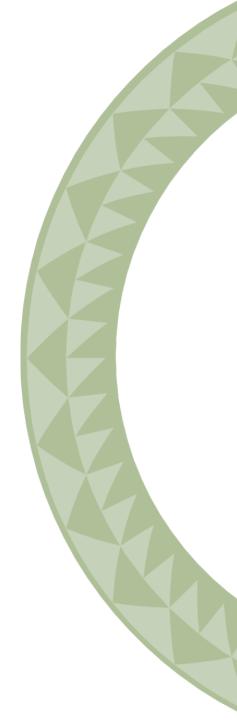
- 5/ COUNSEL TO THE DIRECTOR AND CHIEF OF LEGAL DIVISION
- 6/ CHEE ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE

CHEF INFORMATION OFFICER

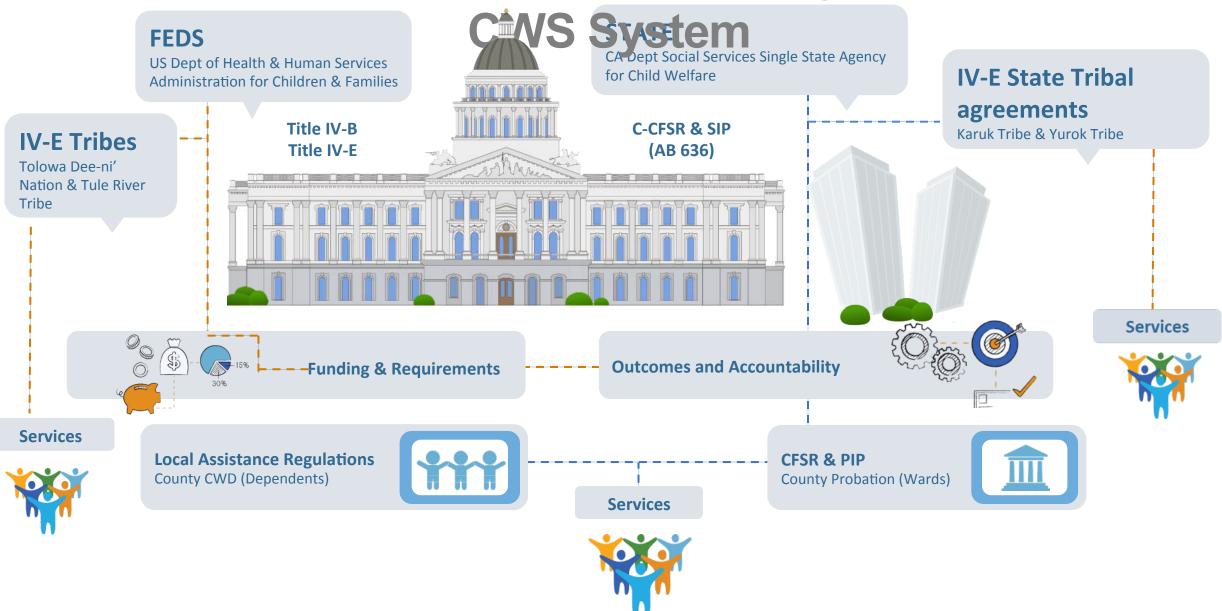


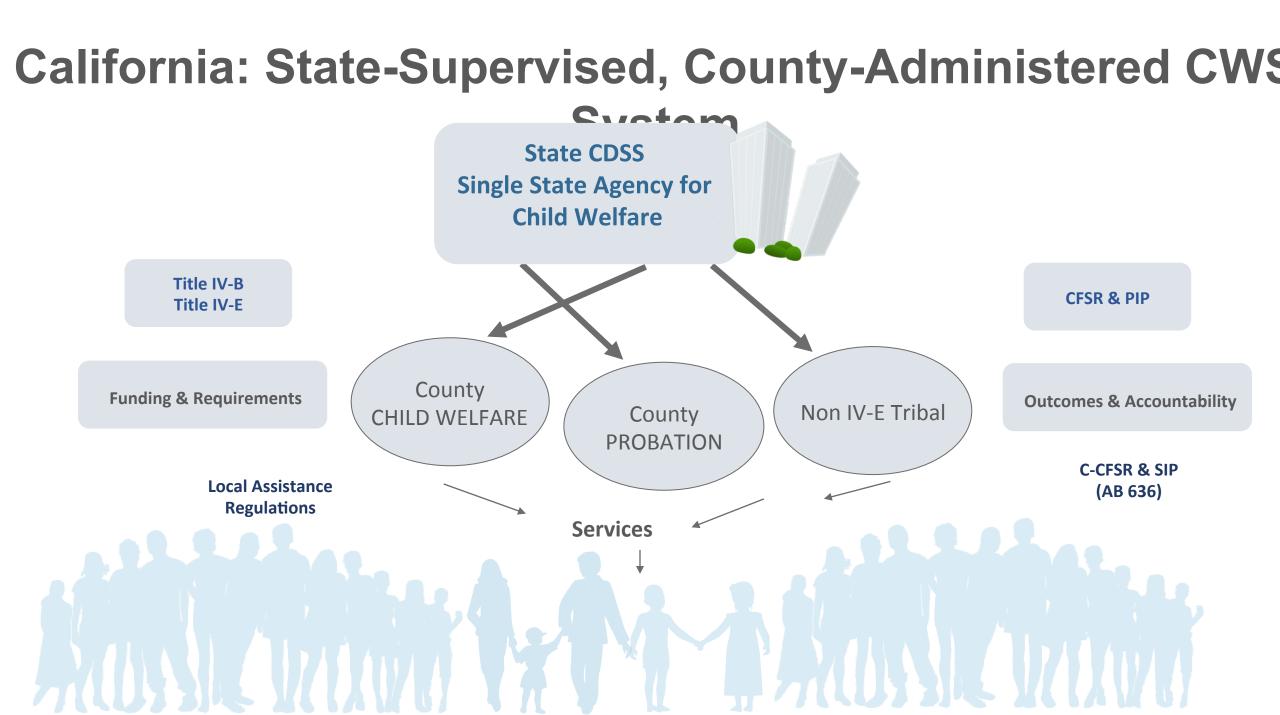
Children and Family Services Overview

The Children and Family Services Division (CFSD) provides leadership and oversight of county and community agencies in the implementation of child welfare services programs through regulations, training, technical assistance, incentives and program evaluations.

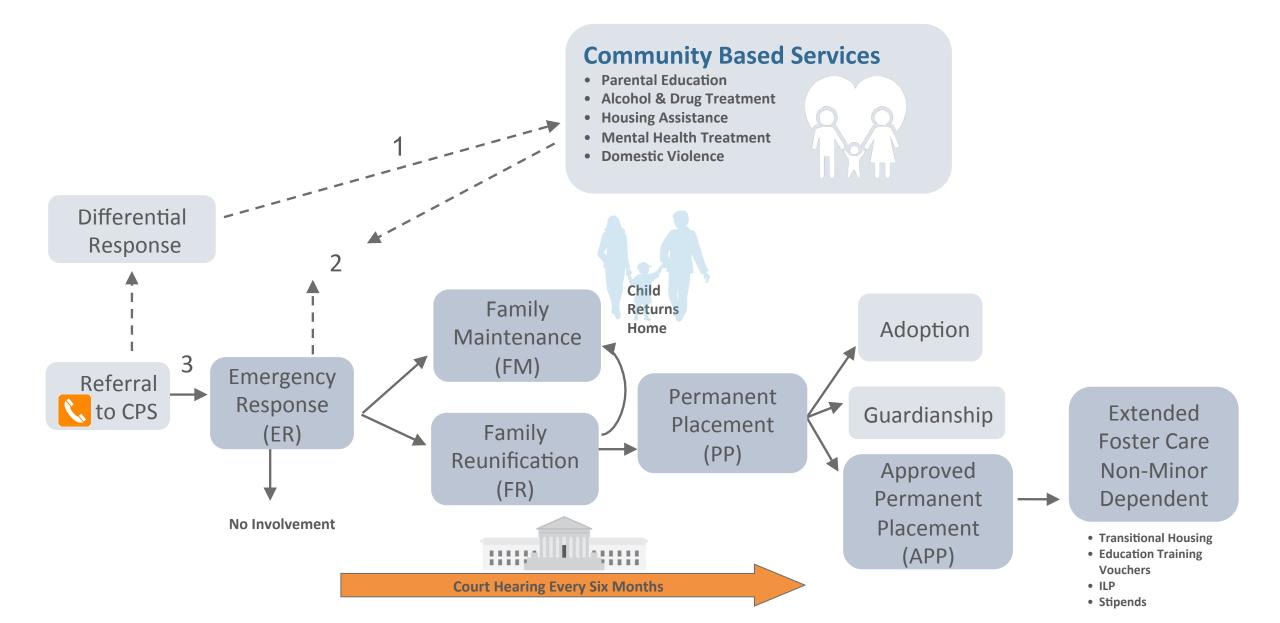


California: State-Supervised, County-Administered





CALIFORNIA'S CHILD WELFARE SYSTEM



How CDSS provides Guidance to Counties



Fiscal Letters

Role of the Court





Ensure due process and that basic rights of children and parents (and



governmental agencies to provide services are met.





Make any order necessary for the best interest of the child:

Care, custody, placement, conduct, supervision, support, education, medical care, etc.



each case.

Role of the Child Protection and Family Support Branch





Office of Child Abuse Prevention (OCAP)

- Administers Contracts and Grants to community agencies to provide prevention services
- Oversight of prevention services and funding to county CWS agencies

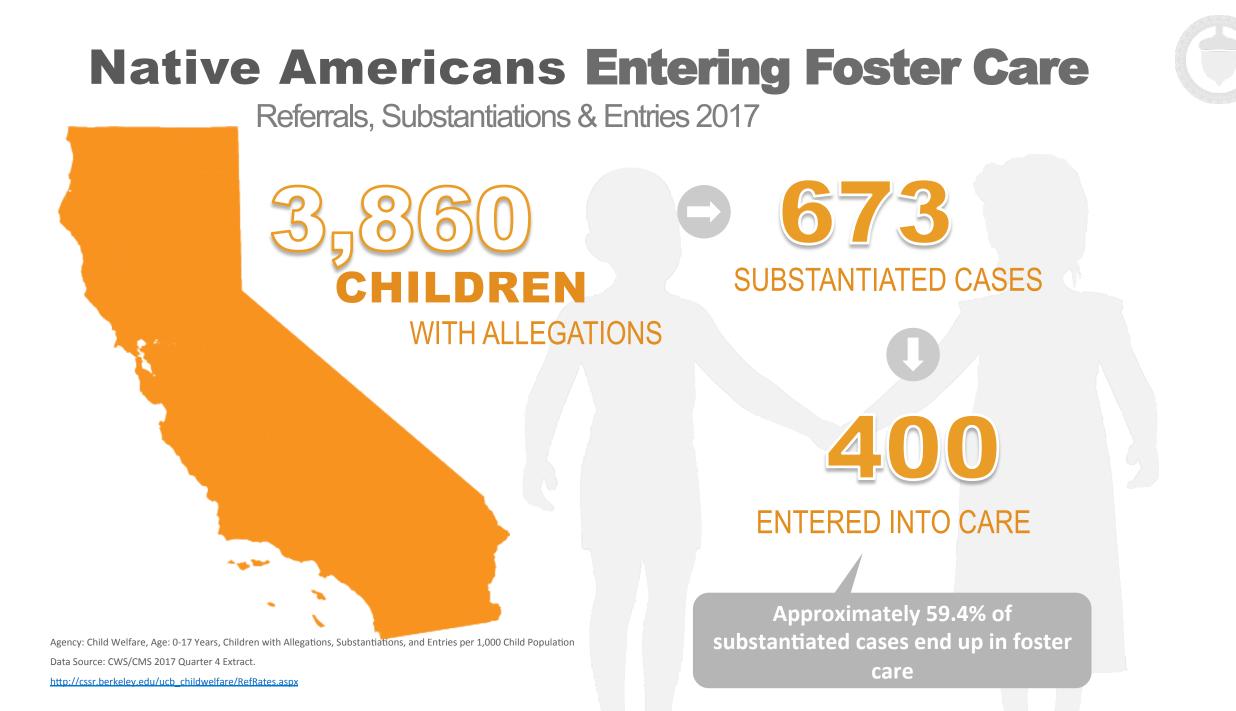
Resources Development and

- Training Support Bureau
 Oversight of training system for social workers and probation placement officers
- Integration of services between agencies such as mental health and juvenile probation placement systems.

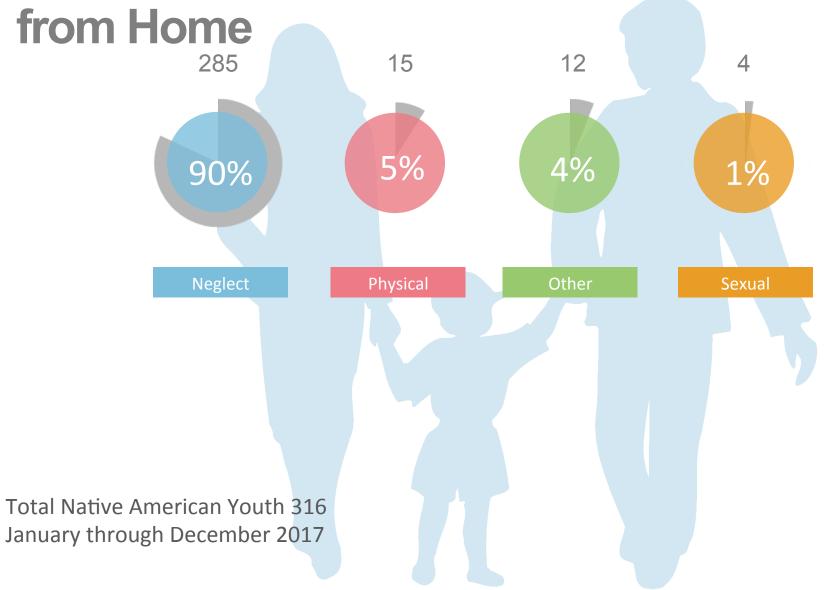


Child Welfare Policy and Program Development Bureau

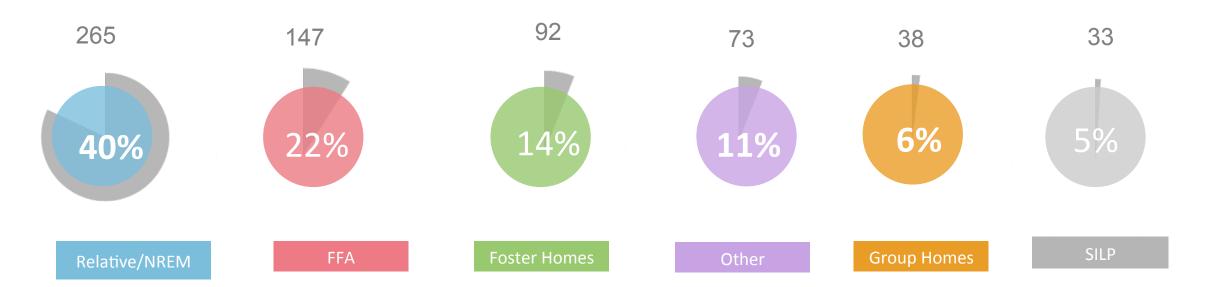
- Hotline and Emergency Response Investigations
- Services to prevent removal (Family Maintenance)
- Commercial Sexual Exploitation Prevention and Response



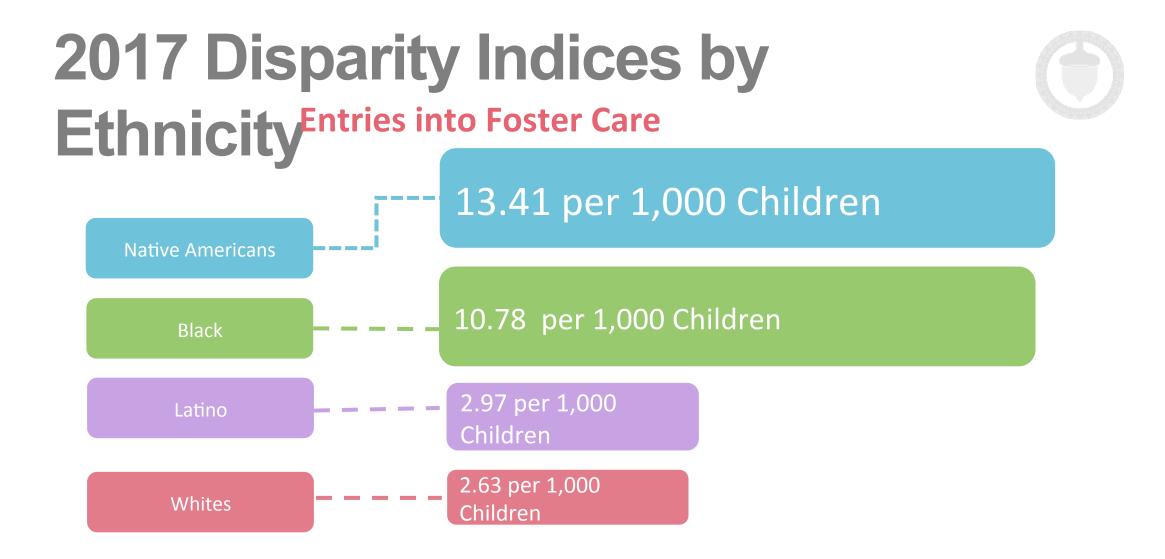
Reason for Removal Native American Children



Placement of Native American Children

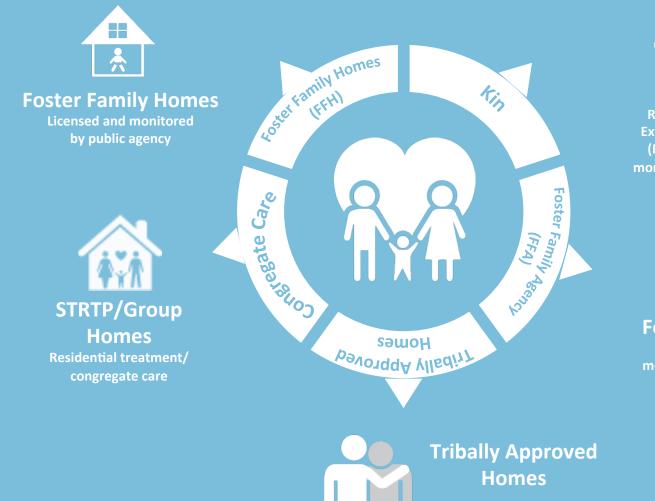


Total Native American Youth in care 665 January 2018



CWS/CMS 2017 Quarter 4 Extract.

Types of Foster Care Placements





Kin

Relatives & Non-Related Extended Family Members (NREFMs)-approved and monitored by county agency,



Foster Family Agency

Foster home certified and monitored by private, non-profit agency

Role of the Child and Youth Permanency Branch



Supervises the delivery of services and benefits to children in foster care including.

- foster care
- kinship care
- young adults (AB 12)



Services delivered to children and youth in foster care are focused on achieving permanency through:

- reunification
- guardianship
- adoption,
- improving their well-being



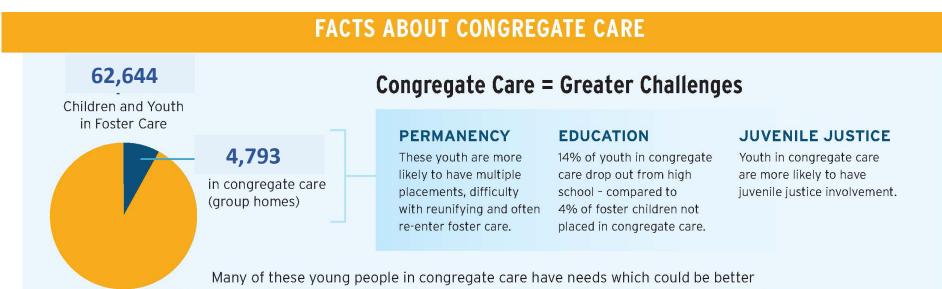
Functions include program and policy development via regulation and policy letters; policy interpretation and technical assistance; analysis of pending legislation, etc.



This work is carried out through three bureaus: the Foster Care Support Services Bureau, the Permanency Policy Bureau.



The Promise of Continuum of Care Reform (CCR)



addressed in loving, resourced and supportive home-based settings. This is the promise of CCR.

All children will live with a committed, permanent and nurturing family.

Measure 4C - Congregate Care Placements: One Year or More

Agency Type=Child Welfare January 1 2018 Data Source: CWS/CMS 2017 Quarter 4 Extract.

Role of the Office of Foster Care Omsbudsperson Rochelle Trochtenberg, Omsbudsperson





f you are concerned about the care, reatment or services provided to hildren and youth receiving foster care ervices: Call Foster Care Help Line .-877-846-1602



Investigates complaints & coordinates with counties to address concerns related to foster youth in their county.



Provides direct outreach to foster youth who may be experiencing problems with their care providers or county workers.

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- Listens to your concerns
- Documents your complaints
- Gathers all relevant information
- Remains neutral and impartial
- Formulates a process for possible resolution & makes recommendations
- Gives feedback on actions to
 every complainant

Children's Services Operation and Evaluation Branch, Dave McDowell, Branch Chief



- Monitoring implementation of laws and regulations governing the provision of CWS by 58 California counties
- Review of child fatality/ near fatality statements of findings submitted by counties
- Responsible for maintaining the integrity of child and family services
- C-CFSR



- Adoption assistance program policy
- Coordinating child welfare disaster plans
- Ensuring interstate placements are in compliance



- Staffing Social Worker Empowerment hotline for county staff
- Operating state Adoption
 District Offices and ensuring the
 confidentiality of all California
 adoption records and providing
 post-adoption services.

In addition, this branch has primary responsibility for federal reviews and reporting such as the Federal Child and Family Services Review (CFSR), the Annual Progress and Services Report (APSR), and the 5-yr Child and Family Services Plan (CFSP)



Differences Between Consultation and Review Process

Opportunity for Reviews

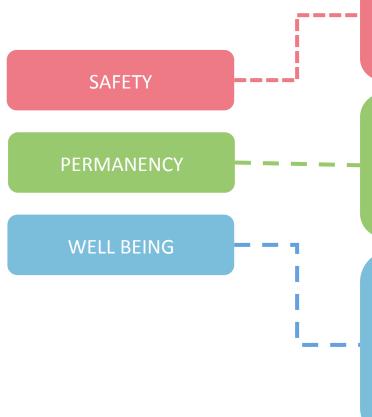


Child and Family Services



Measures

CFSR Outcome Measures



Safety Outcome 1: Children are, first and foremost, protected from abuse and neglect.

Safety Outcome 2: Children are safely maintained in their homes whenever possible and appropriate.

Permanency Outcome 1: Children have permanency and stability in their living situations.

Permanency Outcome 2: The continuity of family relationships and connections is preserved for children.

Well-Being Outcome 1: Families have enhanced capacity to provide for their children's needs.

Well-Being Outcome 2: Children receive appropriate services to meet their educational needs.

Well-Being Outcome 3: Children receive adequate services to meet their physical health needs.

None of the 7 outcomes was found to be in substantial

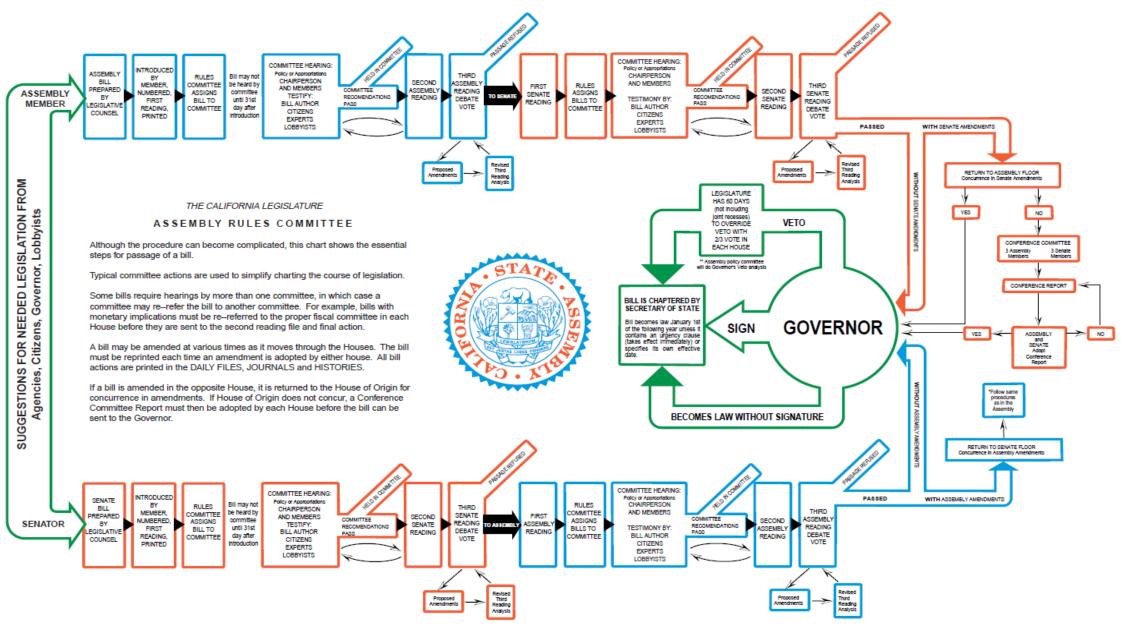
The C-CFSR Five-Year Cycle



*ACIN No. I-37-17E: C-CFSR Five-Year Schedule (provides due dates for reports for each county)

THE LIFE CYCLE OF LEGISLATION

From Idea into Law









Serves as liaison between the department and the legislature.



Once a bill proposal is provided to the legislature, our internal processes are confidential



Executives determine how to address issues and concerns (i.e. Policy bill, Trailer bill, Federal Compliance bill, regulation, ACL/ ACIN)



Coordinates all legislative matters for the department.



4 positions: Oppose; Oppose unless amended; neutral; neutral if amended



Navigating the State Budget Process

Each year the Governor and Legislature work to craft the state's spending plan. While the January-to-June period gets the most attention, the process of crafting the budget is an ongoing enterprise, giving Californians ample opportunity to stay engaged and involved year-round.

The Governor

The Governor has the lead role in developing the state budget. Each year, the Governor proposes a spending plan, which is introduced as the budget bill in the Legislature. The Governor can sign or veto the budget bill passed by legislators as well as other bills in the budget package that make policy changes related to the budget. The Governor can also reduce or eliminate individual appropriations using the line-item veto.

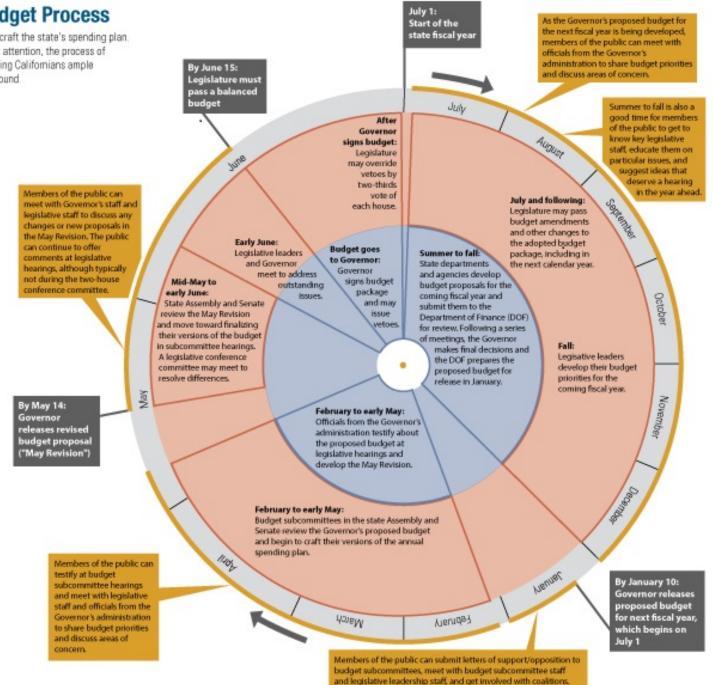
The Legislature

The Legislature – made up of the Assembly and Senate – reviews the Governor's proposed budget and crafts its own version of the spending plan. The Legislature can maintain, modify, or reject the Governor's proposals, with review occurring through each house's budget committee and related subcommittees. The Legislature must pass the budget bill, but not other bills in the budget package, by June 15. The Legislature can override a Governor's veto by a two-thirds vote of each house.

The Public

The public has various opportunities for input during the budget process. Members of the public can meet with officials from the Governor's administration and with legislators and their staffs, testify before budget committees and subcommittees, and write letters of support and opposition. Through individual engagement or as part of coalitions, members of the public can express their budget priorities and areas of concern.

December 2014 CALIFORNIA BUDGET PROJECT | www.cbp.org



Total Budgeted Funding for Children's Programs



Year	Total	Federal	State	LRF*	County	Reimb.**
FY 2010-11: Pre-Realignment	\$5,595,698	\$2,573,130	\$1,649,633	\$0	\$1,242,566	\$130,369
			40.000	.		
FY 2011-12: Realignment FY 2016-17:	\$5,357,121	\$2,447,265	\$84,060	\$1,561,199	\$1,132,952	\$131,645
Post-Realignment	\$5,982,693	\$2,669,139	\$329,664	\$1,561,199	\$1,233,611	\$189,080
FY 2017-18: Post-Realignment	\$6,197,314	\$2,807,965	\$408,588	\$1,561,199	\$1,218,269	\$201,293
Post-Realignment	\$6,197,314	\$2,807,965	\$408,588	\$1,561,199	\$1,218,269	\$201,293

* The Local Revenue Fund (LRF) does not include the CDSS' State Operations Agency Adoptions, Extended Foster Care Additional Base Funding and Adult Protective Services costs.

** Reimbursements include Title XIX expenditure and State Contracts County Reimbursement funding.

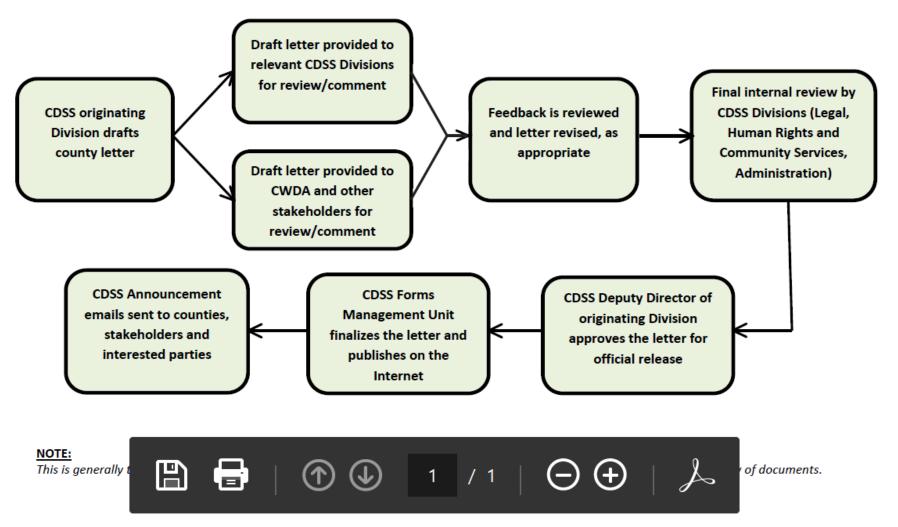
Proposition 30 – November 2012



- Realignment funding is constitutionally protected
- New requirements that increase overall costs must be funded
- State pays 50% of required federal changes or lawsuits
- Shift in the state-local relationship. Counties are partners.

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICES

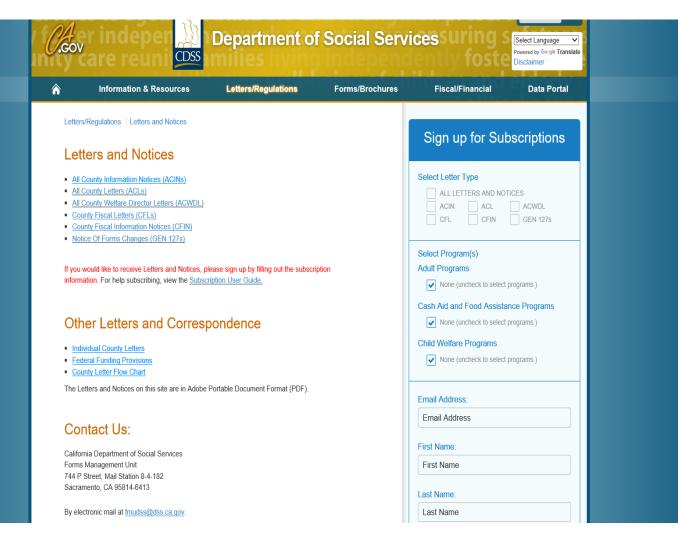
PROCEDURE FOR REVIEW AND RELEASE OF ALL COUNTY LETTERS, ALL COUNTY INFORMATION NOTICES AND COUNTY FISCAL LETTERS



APRIL 2014

CDSS

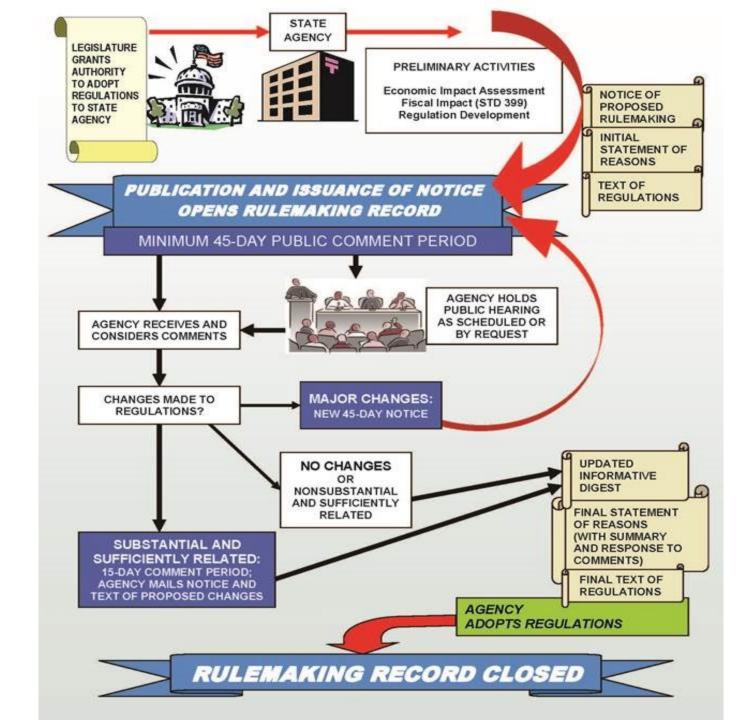
Get Notices when County Letters are Issued



- <u>Register to receive Important notices</u>
- <u>http://www.cdss.ca.gov/inforesources/Letters-and-Notices</u>

Tribal Consultation on Division 31-100 Regulation





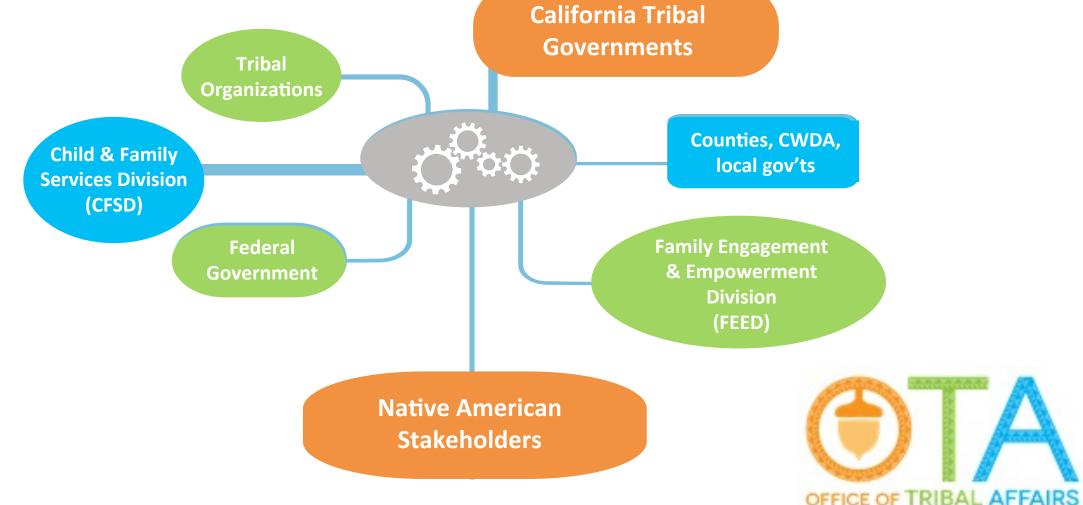


Tribal Engagement Strategy Phase 2





Working together in partnership



CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICES

What's Next: OTA Engagement

- Tribal Advisory Committee
- Stakeholder Meetings
- Webinars & Conference Calls
- Email listserves
- Quarterly Newsletter
- Website





How to Contact Us:

- Office of Tribal Affairs Phone: (916)654-1217
- Office Tribal Affairs Email: tribalaffairs@dss.ca.gov
- Office of Tribal Affairs Website: www.cdss.ca.gov/inforesources/ Tribal-Affairs