### How to Start a Program: Preliminary Considerations Worksheet

## 1. Finding your champions:

Identifying champions is pivotal for the success of a new program. These dedicated individuals or groups act as enthusiastic advocates, helping to rally support, navigate potential obstacles, and ensure sustained momentum for the program. Their commitment and influence can significantly amplify the program's impact, fostering a broader and more effective engagement with stakeholders.

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List 3 individuals y	you teel cou	ia serve as d	cnampions	tor your	project:

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В.	 
C.	

# 2. Connecting with other programs:

Establishing connections with existing programs can be extremely helpful when launching a new program. Collaborating with established efforts enables the sharing of resources, knowledge, and best practices, maximizing efficiency and avoiding unnecessary duplication of efforts. By building upon existing networks, new programs can tap into a broader pool of expertise and influence, fostering a more comprehensive and coordinated approach to proactively addressing legal issues.

**List 3 programs you would like to connect with moving forward.** (You may contact Emilie Cook at <a href="mailto:etcook2@emory.edu">etcook2@emory.edu</a> for help identifying similarly situated programs and contact information for cohort participants.)

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## 3. Goal setting:

Goal setting plays a pivotal role in the creation of new preventive legal advocacy programs. Clearly defined goals provide a roadmap for program development, helping to focus efforts, allocate resources effectively, and measure success. In considering the program's goals, organizers may start by asking themselves whether they seek to avoid foster care at all costs, intend to support decisions by custodial parents, or are aiming to do something else altogether.

Note that a clear understanding of program goals can serve as a guidepost in identifying the target population, determining the services and scope of representation, defining the relationship with the agency, and partnering for referrals. Also note that program goals may shift with time. Effective preventive legal advocacy programs are shaped by the needs of their clients. We don't always understand those needs from the outset, and thus our understanding of what constitutes a successful outcome may change over time. The important thing is that we continue to reevaluate and redefine program goals as the work develops.

List 3 preliminary goals for your new program:  A
B
C
4. Identifying your target population:
Identifying the target population is a fundamental step when launching a new program. By working to define a specific target population, programs can ensure that resources and efforts are directed towards a specific subset of individuals most at risk for child welfare system involvement, thereby maximizing the program's relevance and impact. By understanding the unique challenges and barriers faced by the specific target population, the program can tailor its strategies and interventions to effectively address pressing legal needs and promote meaningful change.
Utilizing AFCARS (Adoption and Foster Care Analysis and Reporting System) data can be helpful in pinpointing target populations. By analyzing the data, program organizers can identify trends, patterns, and demographic information that may enable a targeted approach to addressing those legal issues most likely to lead to system involvement.
That said, we know data is often misleading and there is no substitute for the wisdom of lived experience. When possible, we encourage programs to talk to individuals with lived experience as well as the legal community, direct care providers, and agency personnel to try and understand who is most likely to benefit from these upstream legal interventions.
What are your preliminary thoughts as to target population for your new program?

#### 5. Building your team:

Multidisciplinary teams are a cornerstone of PLA and Pre-Petition programs and are considered vital to program success. Multidisciplinary teams bring together diverse expertise and different legal, social, and life experiences, enabling a holistic approach to addressing a family's legal and social issues. Collaboration among professionals from various backgrounds

enhances the program's capacity to provide comprehensive support, tackle multifaceted challenges, and offer tailored solutions that better serve the needs of clients. Multidisciplinary legal **teams** in this context are generally comprised of an attorney, a social worker, and a parent partner or other individual with lived experience.

	Wi	hat are your initial thoughts as to s	staffing?
		Dedicated attorney/s Panel of attorneys	How many?
		Dedicated Social Worker Contract Social Worker	By the hour or by the case?
			orkers, is there an organization in your jurisdiction at organization here:
		Dedicated Peer Partner Contract Peer Partner	By the hour or by the case?
			tners, is there an organization in your jurisdiction that ganization here:
		Additional Administrative Staff?	How many?
6.	De	fining eligibility:	
ser in I tow	vice ight varc	d eligibility criteria ensure that resour es, maximizing program impact and e t of program goals and the target pop	al in establishing a new program. Clear and well- rces are allocated to individuals most in need of the efficiency. By carefully crafting eligibility requirements oulation, you can ensure resources are directed he program, fostering a focused and effective
	Wh	at are your preliminary thoughts a	s to eligibility criteria?

## 7. Determining Services and Scope of Representation:

Deciding on the services to be offered and defining the scope of representation is a critical part of establishing a new program. Clear delineation of services ensures that the program's resources are strategically directed to areas where they can have the most significant impact, aligning with the intended goals. By setting boundaries and outlining the extent of legal support, the program can effectively manage expectations, optimize resource allocation, and provide consistent, high-quality assistance to the target population.

	What services do you plan to	o offer?		
	a)		b)	
	c)		d)	
wh	What are your thoughts as to presentation will be limited to up ether your program will continuous in the event a petition is filed	stream civil e to represe	legal matters and/or CPS	S investigations, and
	Upstream civil legal issues?	☐ yes	□ no	
	CPS Investigation defense?	☐ yes	□ no	
	Dependency case rep?	□ yes	□ no	
8.	Defining relationship with th	e agency:		
ensulti far fea a co imp con son oth	gree, the relationship between to gram's goals and the chosen so sure alignment of goals, promot mately enhancing the program's nilies involved in the child welfaresible or even desirable at the objection by the program Regardless of just how close cortant to set expectations from mmunication and confidentiality me member of the legal team was involved in a family's case, trameters for those communications.	ervice mode te informations ability to a re system. The utset, wheth arm to distant sely a new p the outset, . Given the ill benefit fro Working wi	el. A collaborative partners on sharing, and facilitate a dvocate effectively for the That said, a collaborative her due to reluctance on the ce itself from the existing program intends on working particularly as it relates to nature of early legal repre- tom the ability to speak with the agency from the ou	ship with the agency can a coordinated approach, e rights and well-being of partnership may not be the part of the agency, or child welfare system.  In the agency, it is a possible issues of case file esentation, it is likely that the case workers and itset to establish
mc	re efficient representation.  What role, if any, will the age	ency play ii	n your new program?	
	Do you anticipate partnering di	irectly with t	he agency for referrals?	☐ yes ☐ no
	Do you anticipate needing an I communications about ongoing		0 ,	rrals and/or confidential ☐ yes ☐ no

#### 9. Partnering for referrals:

Partnering with multiple referral sources offers numerous benefits for new programs. Collaborating with various sources, such as community organizations, faith-based groups, social service and healthcare providers, expands the program's reach and enhances its ability to identify individuals in need of legal services. These partnerships create a network that can facilitate early intervention, provide a seamless continuum of care, and ensure that individuals facing legal challenges receive comprehensive assistance within a broader context of holistic support.

Note here that mandatory reporters are often great targets for program referrals. While our programs never ask that mandatory reporters call the program *instead* of calling in a report, they do partner with mandatory reporters to ensure that where a concern is raised, the reporter understands the services the PLA program offers and the additional resources available to atrisk families.

List some possible referral sources you would like to target:

a new preventive legal dibility enhances program sistance and participate in the h, transparent communication ectively bridge gaps, address munities it serves.
ombating racial disparity in the lms must work to build a liberate action; the desire to ke where a new program will cly defines its relationship with
cting community outreach

#### 11. Organizing a client resource network:

Organizing a client resource network is essential when establishing a new early advocacy program. The goal is to create a support infrastructure that connects clients with a range of essential services beyond legal assistance, such as counseling, housing, drug treatment, education, and access to basic necessities. By fostering collaboration among various service providers, the program can address the holistic needs of its clients, promoting overall well-being and improving the chances of long-term stability for clients.

List service providers in your jurisdiction that you could partner with for warn	n-
handoffs and direct services for your clients:	

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## 12. Gathering Data:

Gathering data is of utmost importance when launching a new program. Data-driven insights provide a comprehensive understanding of the issues at hand, enabling informed decision-making and targeted interventions. By collecting and analyzing relevant data, the program can assess its effectiveness, refine strategies, and demonstrate tangible outcomes, ultimately enhancing credibility, securing resources, and sustaining program impact over time.

What questions do you have as to data collection?
What outcome measures would you like to track? (For information about developing

What outcome measures would you like to track? (For information about developing outcome measures, see placohort.org > resource library > resources by topic > program development materials > outcome measures.)

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#### 13. Evaluating the program:

Formal evaluations are crucial for new programs as they provide objective assessments of program effectiveness, efficiency, and impact. Through rigorous evaluation processes,

programs can identify strengths, uncover areas for improvement, and make data-driven adjustments to enhance their services and outcomes. These evaluations not only validate the program's contributions but also inform stakeholders, funders, and policymakers, ensuring continued support and fostering a culture of continuous improvement in achieving the program's goals.

	Who could you partner with for a comprehensive program evaluation? (Local versities are often a great resource for program evaluations.)
	nat other preliminary questions or concerns do you have with respect to ogram design and implementation?
1.	
3.	
10.	